



## Poisonous Plants

**P**lants are a common cause of poisoning. Both indoor and outdoor plants can be poisonous. Some plants can cause a skin rash, while others can cause an upset stomach if ingested. Still others can cause more serious problems by harming your heart, kidneys or other organs. Below is a partial list of indoor and outdoor plants that are considered poisonous.

Amaryllis	Holly (berries and leaves)	Oak Tree (leaves and acorns)
Apricot (seeds and pits)	Horse Chestnut	Oleander
Azalea	Hyacinth	Philodendron
Baneberry	Hydrangea	Plum (seeds and pits)
Belladonna	Jequirity Bean	Poison Hemlock
Black Cherry	Jonquil	Poison Ivy, Oak and Sumac
Boxwood	Jimsonweed	Pokeweed
Buckeye	Lantana	Rhododendron
Caladium	Larkspur	Rhubarb Leaves
Cherry	Laurel	Rosary Pea
Chinaberry	Lily of the Valley	Tobacco
Daffodil	Mistletoe	Water Hemlock
Deadly Nightshade	Monkshood	Wisteria
Dieffenbachia	Mushrooms	Yew
Dumbcane	Narcissus	

### How to Prevent Plant Poisonings:

- Identify all plants in your home and yard. Take a specimen to a greenhouse, nursery, florist or Cooperative Extension Association for help.
- Label the plants with the proper names. You may want to write the name on tape and place it on the side or bottom of the planter. For the yard, make a map of the area, including the name and location of each plant, bush and tree.
- Learn which plants are poisonous and remove them from the area.
- Teach young children not to put plants, fruits and berries in their mouths.
- Supervise young children closely around plants.



If you think someone has been  
poisoned, call the

Poison Control Center  
at  
1-800-222-1222

HUDSON VALLEY  
POISON EDUCATION CENTER  
at Phelps Memorial Hospital Center  
701 North Broadway  
Sleepy Hollow, NY 10591

Phone: 914-366-3577  
Fax: 914-366-1512  
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